# DRYDEN AQUA LTD

# **Safety Data Sheet 17**

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Date of compilation: 03/12/12 Print date: 03/02/13

# Section 1 - Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**Product name:** APF Private (Active Poly Floc)

**Product number:** 5 litres – 5.7.23

20 litres - 5.7.24

**Supplier:** Dryden Aqua Ltd

Butlerfield Ind. Est.

Bonnyrigg

Edinburgh, EH19 3JQ

Tel: 018758 22222 Fax: 018758 22229

#### Section 2 - Hazards Identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Eye Irritation (Category 2)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity- Single Exposure (Category 3)

Skin Irritation (Category 2) Aquatic Chronic (Category 3)

#### Classification according to EU Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Irritating to eyes. Irritating to respiratory system. Irritating to skin. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Hazard Symbols**



#### Hazard Statement(s):

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s):

P102 Keep out of Reach of Children

P103 Read label before use

P223 + P403 Store in a well ventilated place and Keep container tightly closed

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapour/spray

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling

#### APF (Active Poly Floc)

P273 Avoid Release into the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P350 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse immediately with water for several minutes. Remove Contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing

R- Phrase(s):

R36 Irritating to eyes

R37 Irritating to respiratory system

R38 Irritating to skin

R52 Harmful to aquatic organisms

R53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

S-Phrase(s):

S24 Avoid contact with skin S25 Avoid contact with eyes

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice

S28 After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water

S37 Wear suitable gloves S39 Wear eye/face protection

S61 Avoid release to the environment.

Hazard Class: Xi

Eye: Causes eye irritation.

Skin: Causes skin irritation. The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully

investigated.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. The toxicological

properties of this substance have not been fully investigated.

Inhalation: Causes respiratory tract irritation. The toxicological properties of this substance have not

been fully investigated.

Chronic: No information found.

#### Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS no.	EC No	Classification (GHS/CLP)	Classification (DPD)	Concentration
Polyaluminium Chloride (PAC)	1327-41-9	215-477-2	Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; Skin Irrit. 2: H319, H335, H315	Xi, R36/37/38	-
Lanthanum Chloride	20211-76-1	-	Eye Irrit. 2; Skin Irrit. 2	Xi, R36/38	-
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid (EDTA)	62-33-9	200-529-9	Eye Irrit. 2; Aquatic Chronic 3: H319, H412	Xi, R36, R52/53	-
UV Stabilizer (Acid Blue 9)	3844-45-9	223-339-8	-	-	-

#### **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with water for several minutes. Remove Contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing

**In case of skin contact:** Wash with plenty soap and water.

If swallowed: May cause nausea, vomiting, lethargy and abdominal, diarrhoea

pain. If person is conscious and able to swallow, give large amounts of water to dilute. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to help

prevent aspiration. Seek medical attention immediately.

If inhaled: May cause irritation to the mucus membrane and respiratory tract

with symptoms of sneezing, coughing and difficulty breathing. Remove person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Seek medical attention immediately.

#### **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

General Information:

As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

**Extinguishing Media:** 

Use agent most appropriate to extinguish fire. Do NOT get water inside containers. Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or appropriate foam.

#### **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

General Information:

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks:

Small amounts can be washed away with water. Large spillages should be contained, soaked up with sand, sawdust etc., and scraped up for disposal. Refer also to section 13.

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Advise authorities if spillage has entered watercourse / sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

#### Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Ensure good ventilation of workplace. Eyewash facilities should be provided in areas

where accidental exposure is foreseeable. Wear protective clothing. Use normal hygiene

and housekeeping practises.

Storage: Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated area away from

compatible substances. Temperatures should be controlled between 0 and 35°C.

Storage materials: Avoid uncoated metal containers.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** 

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

# **Personal Protective Equipment**

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

#### **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State: Liquid Colour: Blue

Odour: None reported

pH: 2 to 3 Boiling Point: 102°C

Freezing Point:

Autoignition Temperature:

Flash Point:

Explosion Limits:

Less than -3°C

Not applicable

Not applicable.

Lower: Not available

Upper: Not available

**Decomposition Temperature:** 

Solubility in water: Soluble in water.
Specific Gravity/Density: 1.18 to 1.22

Viscosity: 60 – 100 cps @ 25°C

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:

Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling

conditions.

Conditions to Avoid:

Incompatible materials, excess heat, temperatures above 75 degC (167 degF).

Incompatibilities with Other Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis and most metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Combustion with general toxic fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization

Has not been reported.

#### **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Effect of substance:

On Eyes: Causes an irritation
On Skin: Causes an irritation

By Skin Absorption: Repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis.

By ingestion: Irritation of mucous membrane brought into direct contact.

When Inhaled: Product does not fume. However, during a compressed air discharge from a road tanker

some product may be entrained as small droplets on the vented air. This can cause

irritation to the respiratory system.

#### **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Not available

#### **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

Products considered hazardous for supply are classified as Special Waste and the disposal of such chemicals is covered by regulations which may vary according to location.

Contact a specialist disposal company or the local authority or advice. Empty containers must be decontaminated before returning for recycling.

# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

**Transport Information** 

Transport warning label: 8
Packing group: III
RID/ADR: Class 8
IMO: Class 8
IATA: Class 8
UN no: 3264

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Polyaluminium Chloride (PAC),

Lanthanum Chloride, Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid (EDTA), UV stabilizer

(Acid Blue 9))

TRGS 510: **Storage Class** 10-13

## **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

European/International Regulations

European Labelling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols: Eye Irritation Cat 2; Specific Target Organ Toxicity- Repeated Exposure Cat 3,

Skin Irritation Cat 2.

Hazard Statements: H319 (Causes serious eye irritation.) H335 (May cause respiratory irritation.)

H315 (Causes skin irritation.)

Precaution Statements: P264 (Wash thoroughly after handling), P273 (Avoid Release into the

environment), P280 (Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection).

CAS# 10025-84-0: Not available CAS# 10099-58-8: Not available

Canada: CAS# 10099-58-8 is listed on Canada's DSL List

US Federal: TSCA

CAS# 10025-84-0 is not on the TSCA Inventory because it is a hydrate.

#### **Section 16 - Other Information**

Text for R-phrases from Section 2

MSDS Creation Date:

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this leaflet is given in good faith. It is accurate to the best of our knowledge and belief and represents the most up to date information. Provided our products are handled and used in accordance with the advice given, they should offer no hazard to health and safety.

#### Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations Used in Safety Data Sheets

#### 1. Authorities & Bodies.

EEC: European Economic Community

ETAD: Ecological & Toxicological Association of the Dyestuffs Manufacturing Industry

HSE: Health & Safety Executive

ISO: International Organisation for Standardisation

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health (USA)
OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration (USA)

DOT: Department of Transportation (USA)

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation & Development

## 2. Ecology & Disposal

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand TOC: Total organic Carbon

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand OECD: (See Sec 1) Reference to Test Methods

AOX: Absorbable Organic Halogens CO<sub>2</sub>: Carbon Dioxide Production

DOC: Dissolved Organic Carbon

WGK: 0-3; West German Classification of hazard to Water, based on acute toxicity to mammals, fish and

bacteria, and biological eliminability

0 = no hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 hazardous, 3 = severe hazard

#### 3. Inventories & Lists

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
DSL: Canadian dangerous Substances List

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ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
MITI (LIST): Japanese Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA (LIST): American register of chemicals according to Toxic Substances Control Act

#### 4. Regulations - Use, Supply and Storage

UK CPL Regulations, all based on EEC Directives

CHIP: Chemicals (Hazard Information & Packaging) Regulations SI 1993 No 1746 & amendments

CPL: The Classification, Packaging and labelling of Dangerous Substances Regulations 1984 SI No 1244 &

amendments

COSHH: The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 1988 SI No 1657 & amendments

FEPA: The Food and Environmental Protection Act 1985

#### 5. Regulations - Transport

ADR: International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: International Carriage of Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide (For use on ships)

EMS: Emergency Procedures for Ships carrying Dangerous Goods

IATA: Dangerous Goods Regulations by Air

#### APF (Active Poly Floc)

ICAO: Technical Instructions for Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air

UN No: United Nations Number

SIN: Substances Identification Number (Same as UN No)

CI No: Colour Index Number

CAS No: Chemical Abstracts Services Registry Number (USA)

# **UN Packing Groups**

 I:
 Dangerous goods of great danger
 N.O.S.:
 Not otherwise specified

 II:
 Dangerous goods of medium danger
 N.A.:
 Not applicable

 III:
 Dangerous goods of minor danger
 N.O.I.:
 Not otherwise indicated (USA)

#### 6. Toxicity

LD50, LC50: Result of acute toxicity tests - See also HSE relevant ACOPs & guidance on classification

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (who publish TLVs)

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit - Listed in HSE Guidance Note EH40

MEL: Maximum Exposure Limit - (in COSHH Regs) to replace OEL Control Limit

OES: Occupational Exposure Standard (in COSHH Regs) to replace OEL Recommended Limit

RTECS: Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (USA)